



DoD Executive Agent

Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Installations and Environment)

Geothermal Energy Demonstration at Fort Indiantown Gap

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National Guard Energy Awareness

- Pennsylvania National Guard (PANG) is seeking to:
 - Reduce energy consumption
 - Reduce use of fossil fuels
 - Become energy independent
 - Increase use of sustainable energy technology
- Challenges faced by PANG include:
 - Higher energy costs as a result of price rate increases
 - Outdated facilities, 50+ years
 - Lack of funding for repairs and renovations.



Demonstration Site

- Fort Indiantown Gap (FTIG) was chosen as the location for an alternative energy technology demonstration.
 - Largest PANG installation
 - 17,000 acres and 140 training areas and facilities
 - Provides year-round training for military forces, law enforcement agents, and civilians



Demonstration Site (continued)

- Selected buildings 4-201 & 4-202 for demonstration
 - 4-201 selected for geothermal installation
 - 4-202 selected for energy consumption baseline comparison



- Identical design/construction provides good energy comparison
- Open floor plan each is approximately 4,890 square feet in size
- Recently constructed May 2008
- Features updated energy-efficient fixtures – programmable thermostats
- Used for Soldier Readiness Processing (SRP) by units departing and returning from military deployments

Technology Assessment

- Conducted technology assessment in October 2008.
- Identified alternative technology options.

Technology	System Description	Rate	Payback (yrs)	30-Year NPV
Photovoltaic	5-kW	DOE Projected Fuel Price Indices for Propane	>30	(\$68,455)
	Regular	End of Rate Cap (Conservative Estimate)	>30	(\$64,820)
	System	End of Rate Cap (Aggressive Estimate)	>30	(\$60,325)
Concentrator Photovoltaic	25-kW	DOE Projected Fuel Price Indices for Propane	>30	(\$246,390)
	Concentrator	End of Rate Cap (Conservative Estimate)	>30	(\$222,380)
	System	End of Rate Cap (Aggressive Estimate)	>30	(\$192,691)
Wind Turbine	5-kW System	DOE Projected Fuel Price Indices for Propane	>30	(\$88,329)
		End of Rate Cap (Conservative Estimate)	>30	(\$83,660)
		End of Rate Cap (Aggressive Estimate)	>30	(\$77,886)
Geothermal	8-ton System	DOE Projected Fuel Price Indices for Propane	11	\$44,707
		End of Rate Cap (Conservative Estimate)	13	\$30,485
		End of Rate Cap (Aggressive Estimate)	16	\$12,899
Fuel Cell	5-kW System	DOE Projected Fuel Price Indices for Propane	>30	(\$130,540)
		End of Rate Cap (Conservative Estimate)	>30	(\$104,391)
		End of Rate Cap (Aggressive Estimate)	>30	(\$72,058)

Lowest Payback for Rate Highest NPV for Rate

Calculations do not include cost of natural gas. Full calculations were not conducted due to 5-yr life expectancy of equipment.

Geothermal Heat Pump System

- Recommended geothermal heat pump system as the most economically viable system
 - Selected closed loop vertical well system
 - Takes advantage of seasonal temperature differences between air and ground temperature
 - Moves heat from ground to building in winter and from building to ground in summer

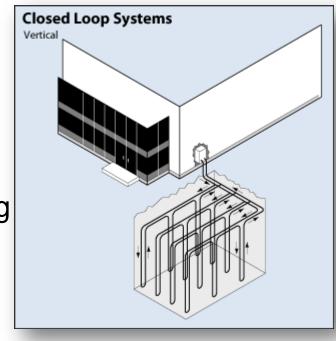


Diagram courtesy of EERE.

Demonstration Goals

- Evaluate life-cycle cost of ground-source heat pump heating/cooling systems
 - Determine savings from reduced propane usage
- Evaluate environmental benefits of ground-source heat pump system compared to propane gas heating and electric air cooling system



Well Drilling

 Installed 8-ton geothermal system outside of building 4-201 in April 2009





Installation included the drilling of 6 wells at an average depth of 220 ft and piping connected to building 4-201.

Heat Pump Installation





- Heat pump system replaced the conventional HVAC system.
- Propane backup heater was kept in building 4-201 for use during geothermal startup.

System Commissioning

Entire system was commissioned in July 2009.



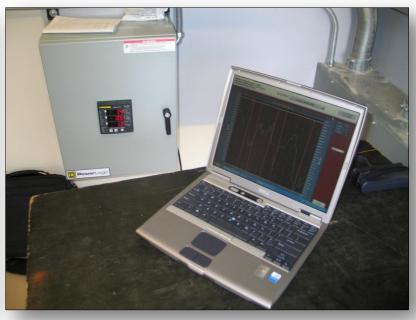
- Duct work was evaluated for proper air flow.
- Electrical panels were configured for metering/monitoring.



Data Collection

- Data collecting software was installed on laptops placed at each location.
 - Laptops are collecting electrical information from the electrical panels in each building.





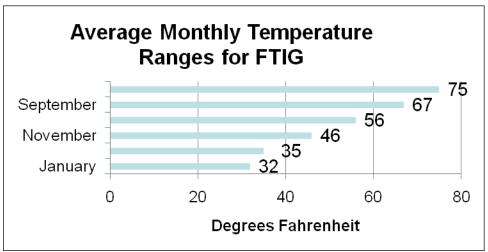
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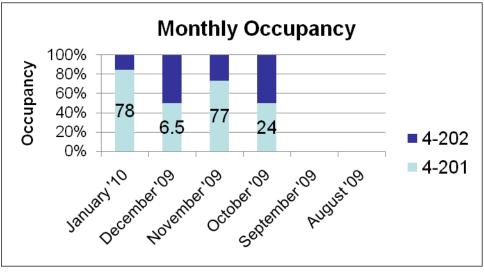
- Electrical data will record:
 - Voltage
 - Current
 - Kilowatt.
- Additional collected information includes:
 - Occupancy schedules of buildings
 - Weather/temperature information of FTIG.

Current Results

Average monthly temperatures at FTIG:

Average occupancy of Buildings 4-201 and 4-202:





Current Results (continued)

As of December 2009, PANG saved over 600 gallons of propane by using the geothermal heat pump system.

- The propane savings is even greater considering the extensive use of building 4-201 compared to 4-202.
- A more accurate volume of propane usage will be calculated at the end of the technology demonstration.

Conclusions

- Electrical data is being collected monthly through August 2010.
- Period of performance was extended so that one full year of data could be gathered.
 - A full year of monitoring provides both summer and winter data – seasons when the geothermal heat pump will be heavily utilized.
- Upon completion of demonstration:
 - Collected data will be analyzed
 - Cost benefit analysis will be developed.
- Demonstration findings will be used by PANG and other National Guard entities to determine the feasibility of implementing the technology regionally.

Path Forward

- Follow-on geothermal project has started at FTIG
- Include design of 3rd building similar in design to buildings 4-201 and 4-202
 - LEED Silver Certified
 - Energy efficient features
 - Installation of geothermal heat pump system
- Will use 4-201 and 4-202 as baseline comparisons
 - 4-201 baseline
 - 4-202 with geothermal
 - 3rd building LEED with geothermal



Image courtesy of USGBC.





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